



Aerosol Chemistry and Processing at Mt. Bachelor Summit: Influences from Wildfire Plumes

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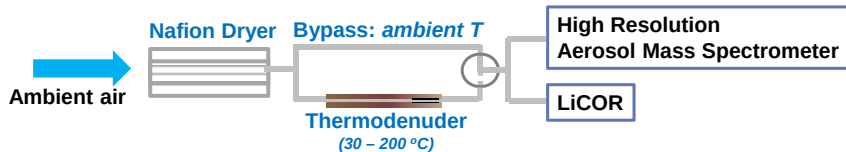
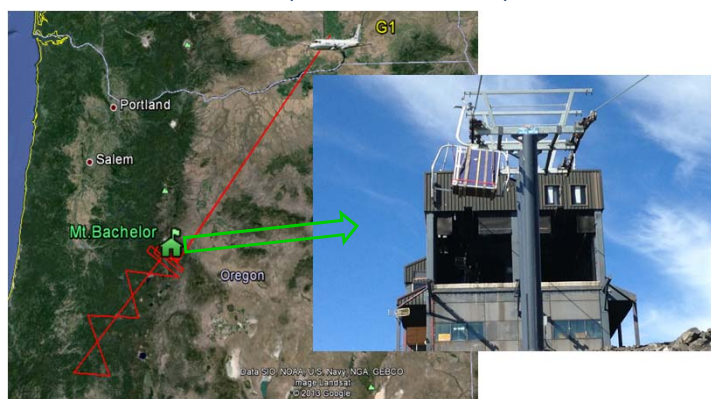
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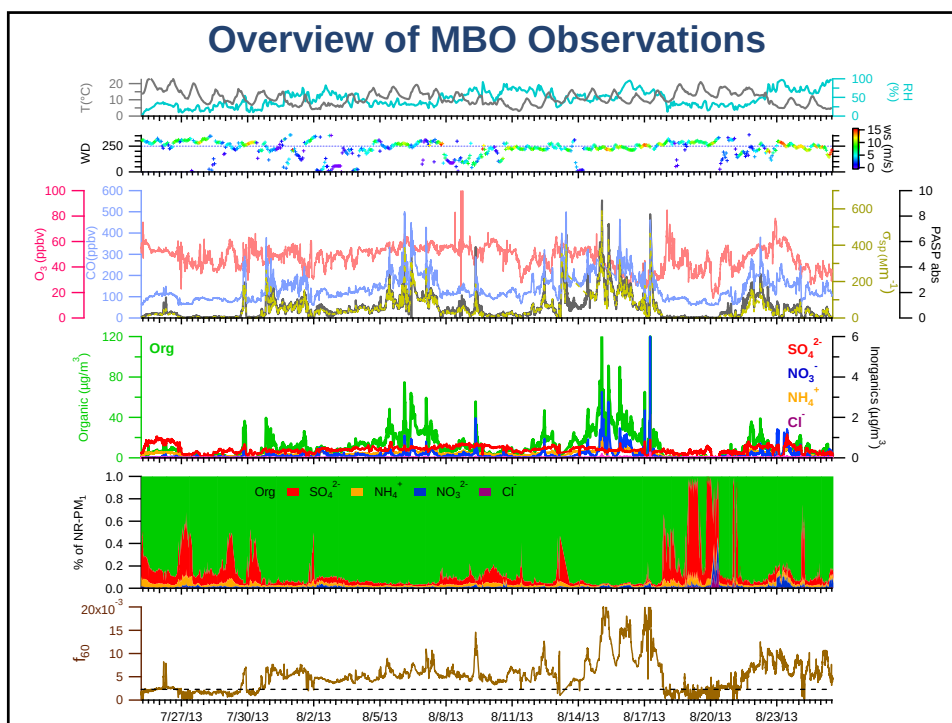
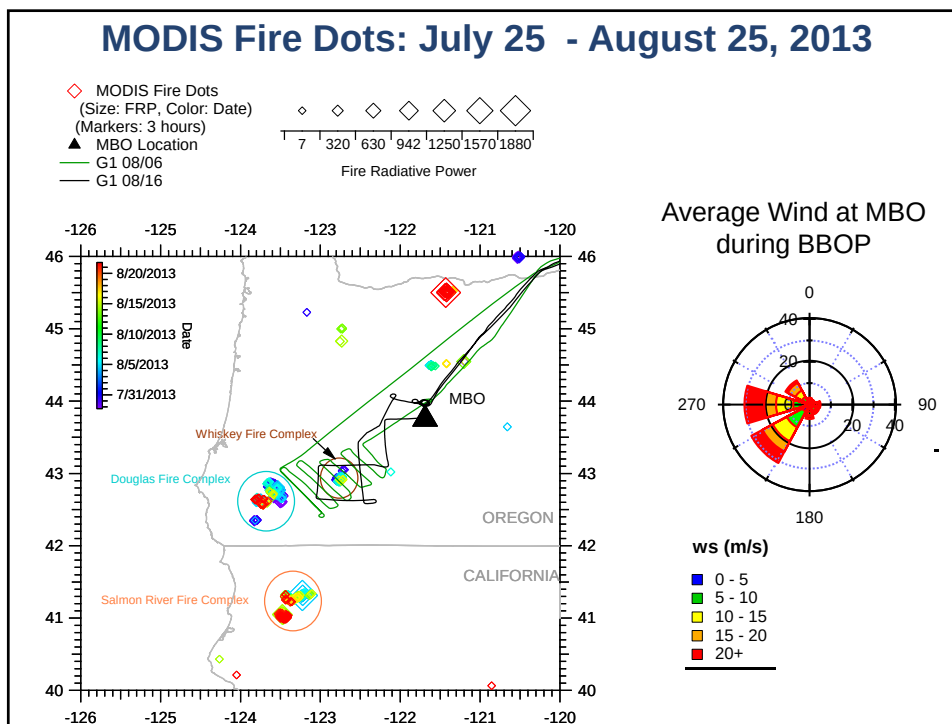


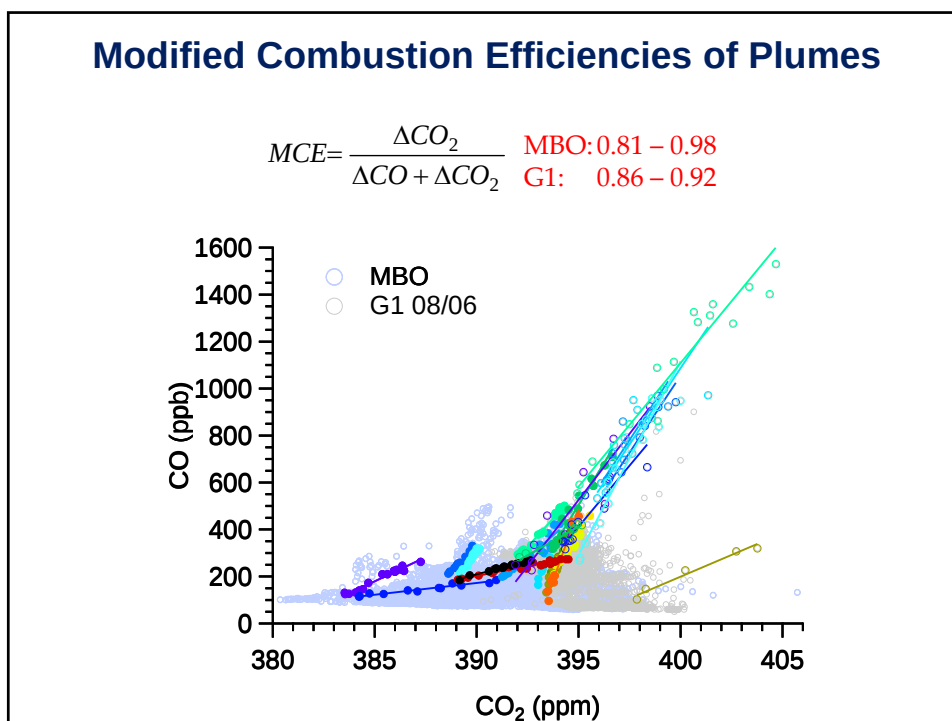
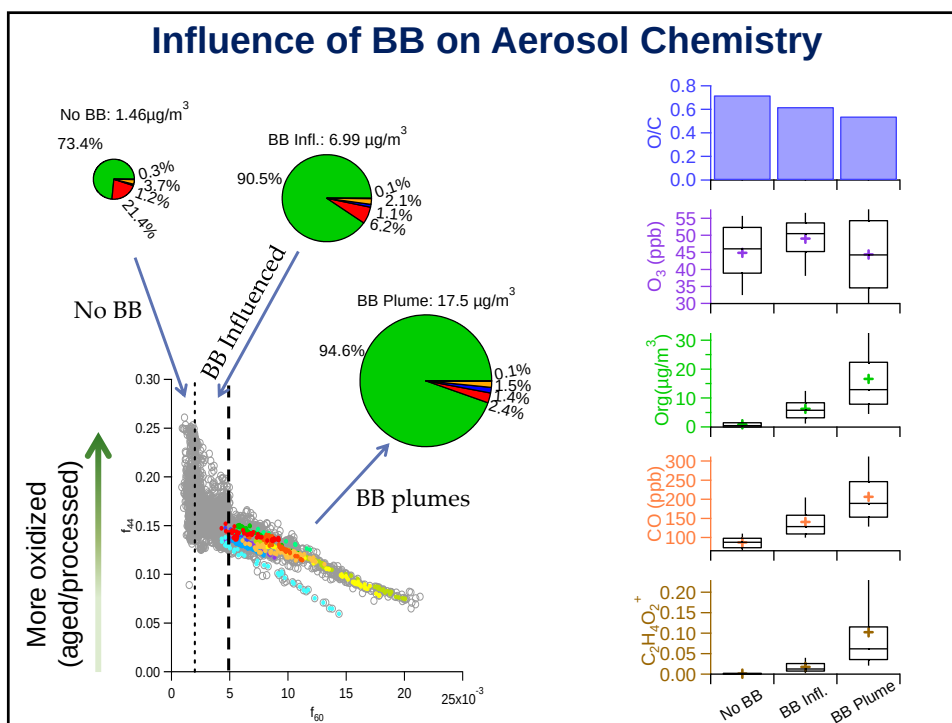
Deployment at Mt. Bachelor Observatory (MBO)

2.7 km a.s.l., 07/25 – 08/25, 2013

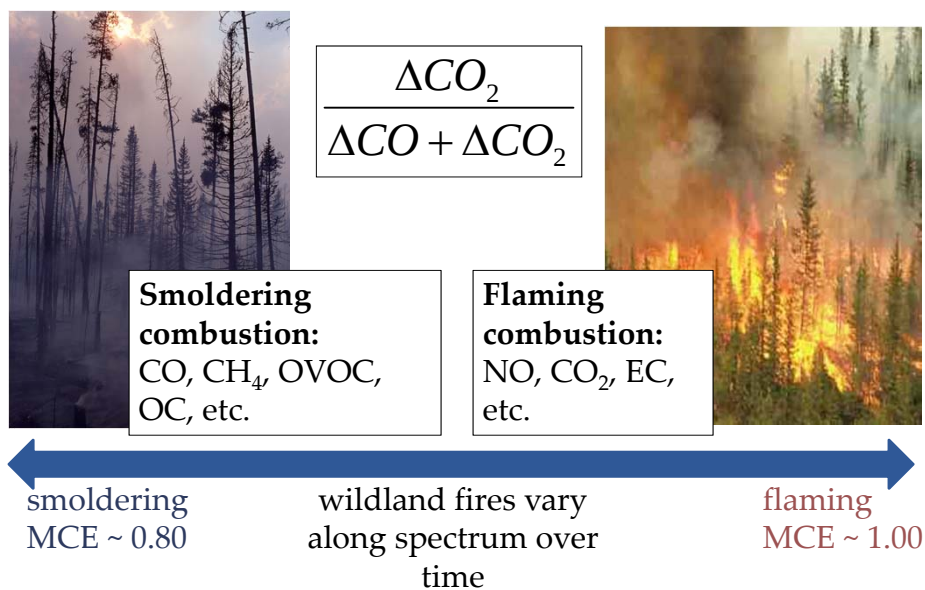


- o Aerosol light extinction, EC/OC, BC
- o O_3 , CO , CO_2 , NO_x , NO_y , VOCs, PAN
- o Meteorological data
- o Mercury ...

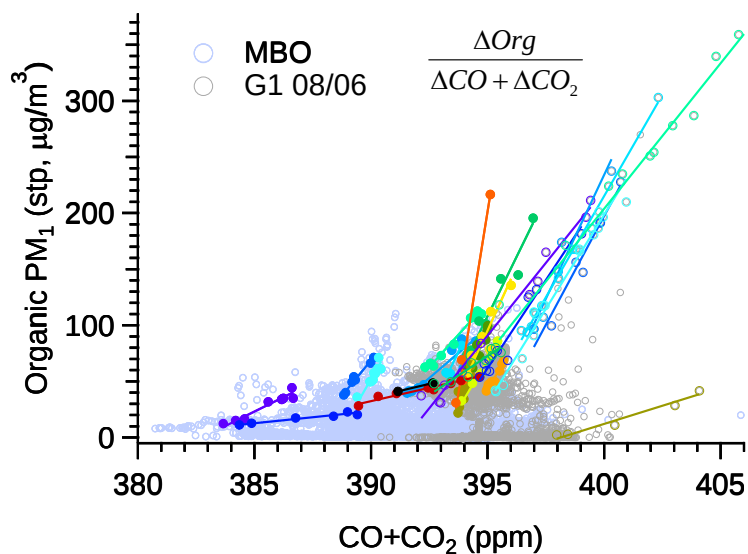




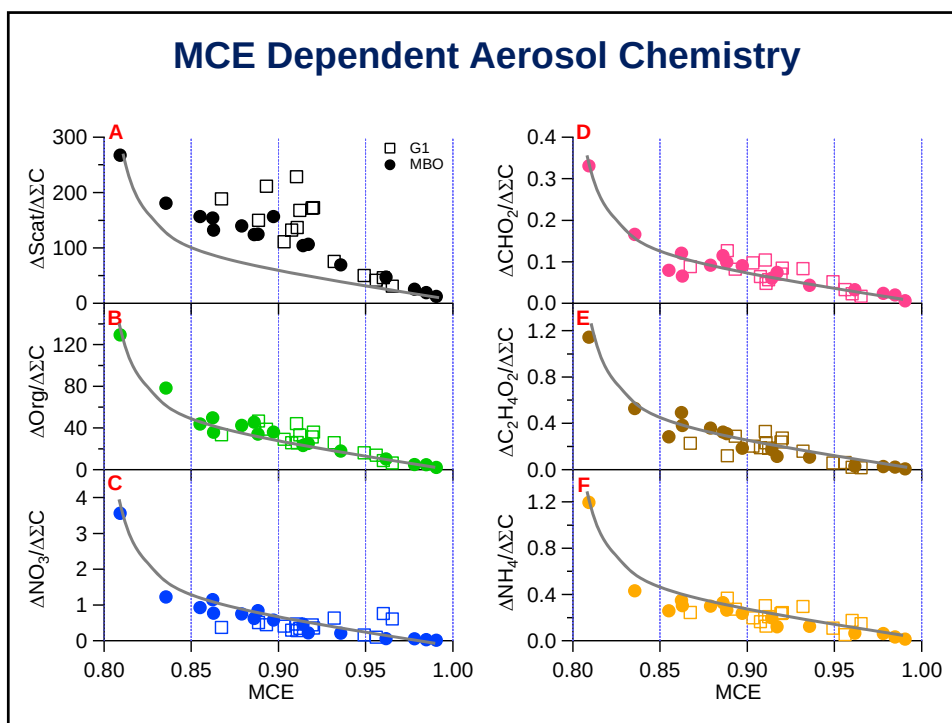
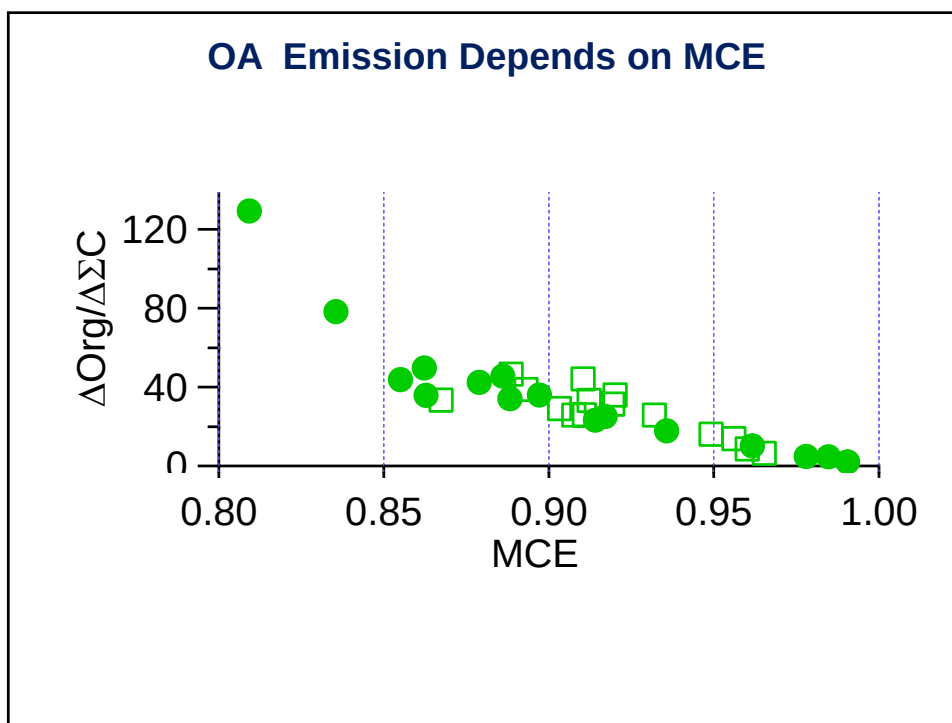
Modified Combustion Efficiency (MCE)



Enhancement of OA in Wildfire Plumes



- Enhancement of OA relative to amount of fuel combusted varies significantly from plume to plume.



Conclusions

- Wild fire plumes were frequently observed.
- Sampled various wildfire plumes from MBO using a HR-ToF-AMS with complimentary gas and particle-phase instrumentation
- Wildfire plumes strongly influence ambient PM loading and composition.
- Wildfire plumes characteristics:
 - o > 90% of PM is organic
 - o Variable MCE
 - o $\Delta\text{OA} / (\Delta\text{CO} + \Delta\text{CO}_2)$ varies largely in individual plume
 - o $\Delta\text{PM} / (\Delta\text{CO} + \Delta\text{CO}_2)$ anti-correlate with MCE