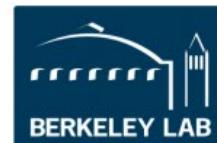


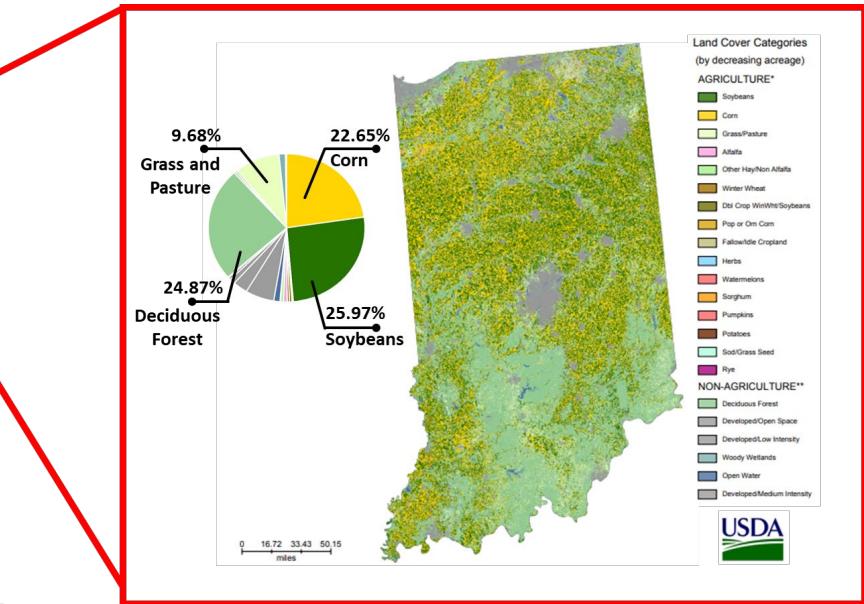
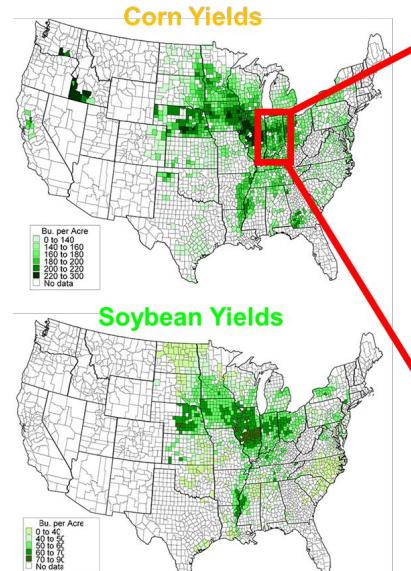
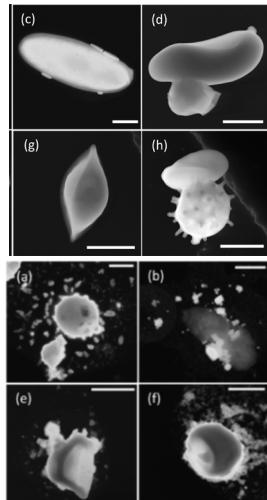
Chemical Imaging of Vertically Resolved Atmospheric Particles Collected in Past and Ongoing Field Studies

A. Laskin, *Purdue University*



Airborne Biological Particles from Crops Harvesting

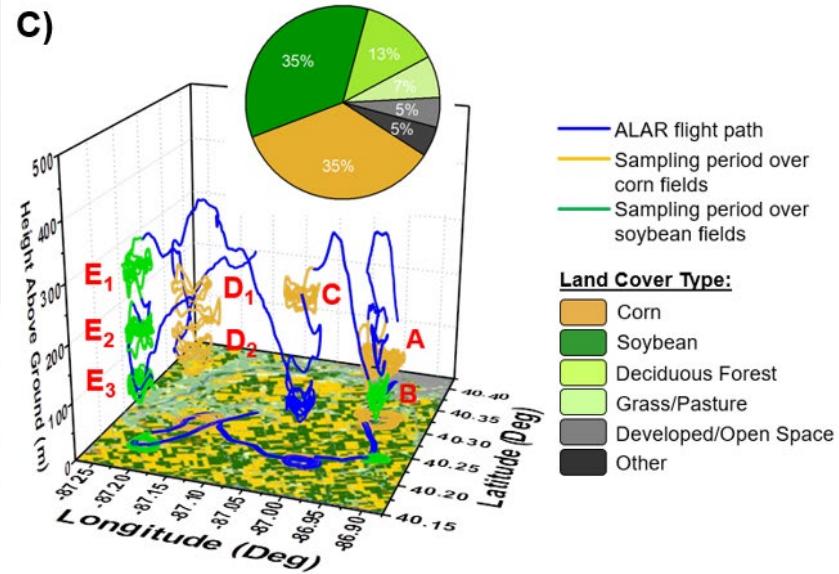
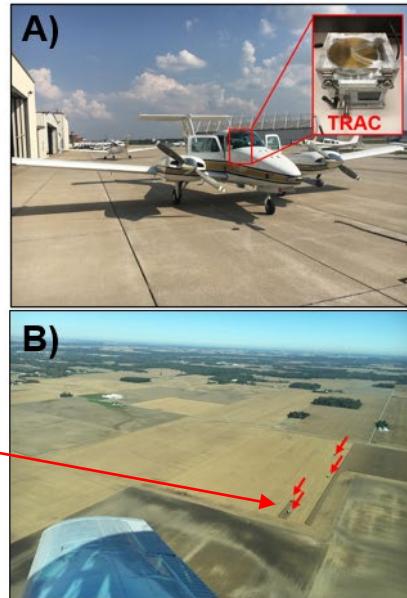
- emissions vary with plant life cycle
- break down during RH cycling, release accumulation mode fragments



China et al, 2016,
<https://pubs.acs.org/doi/10.1021/acs.est.6b02896>

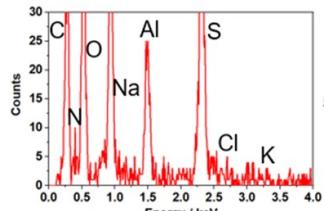
Airborne Biological Particles from Crops Harvesting

- emissions vary with plant life cycle
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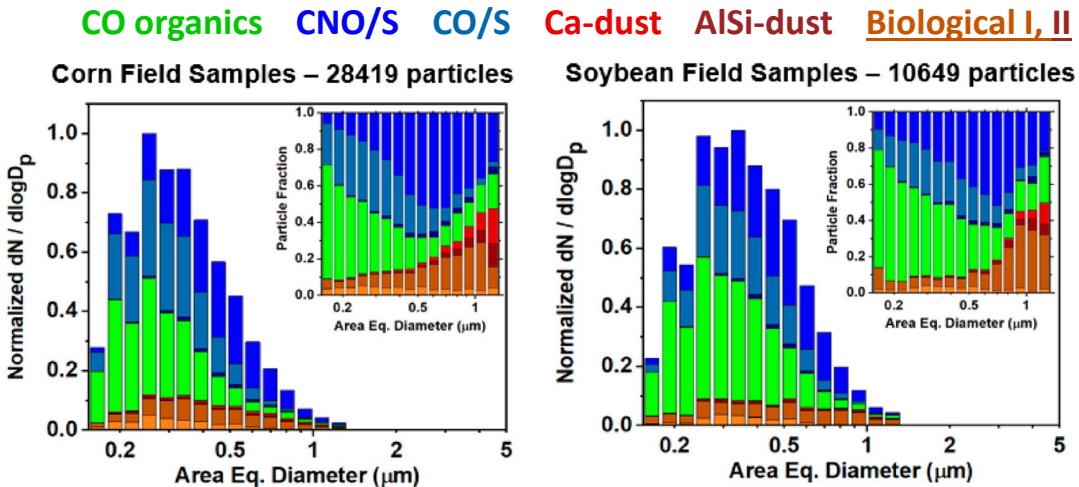
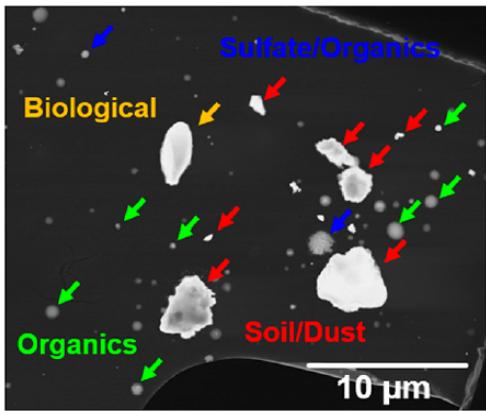
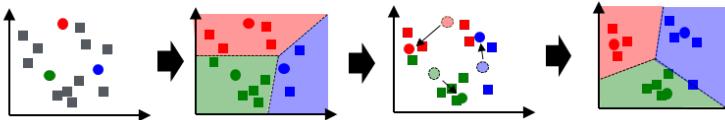
Purdue University Airborne Laboratory for Atmospheric Research (ALAR)
P. Shepson, PI

Particle-Type Composition



EDX spectra

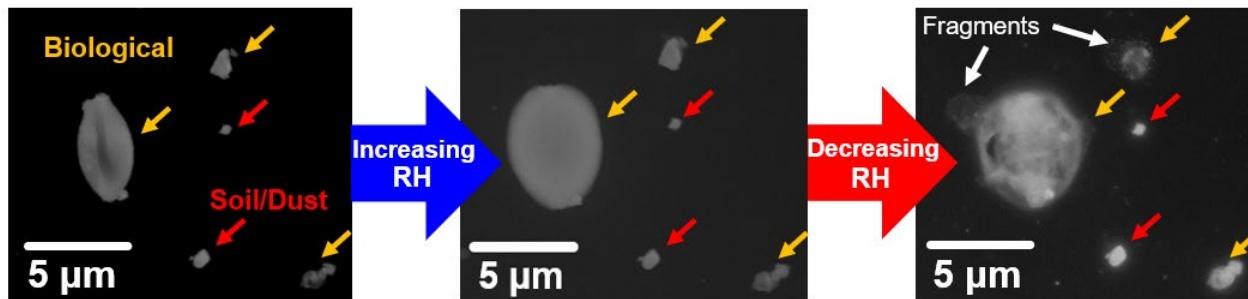
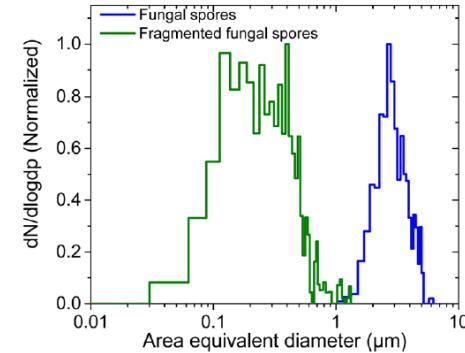
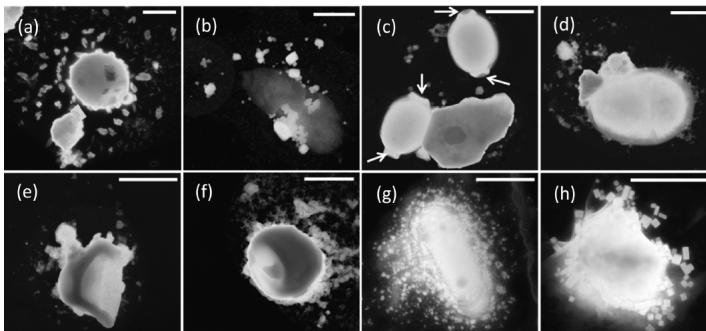
Unsupervised machine learning algorithm: K-means clustering



- Biological particles are 40-50% of >1.0 μm particles
5-10% of <0.5 μm particles

Disintegration of Biological Particles

China et al, 2016, <https://pubs.acs.org/doi/10.1021/acs.est.6b02896>

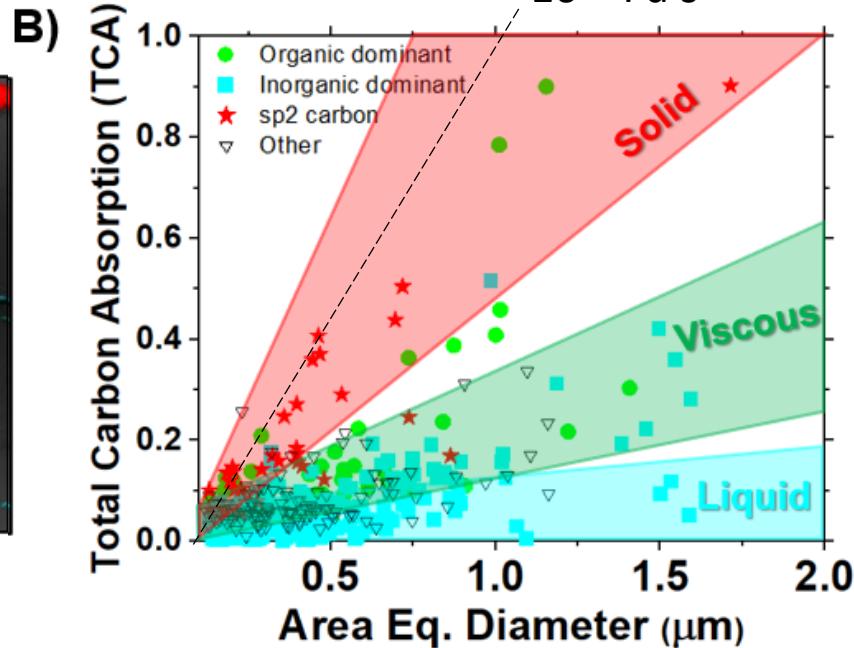
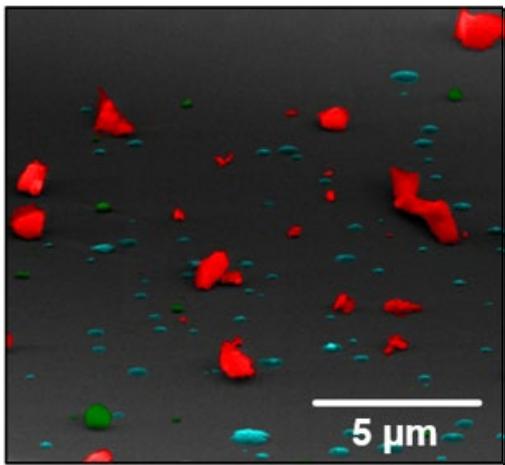
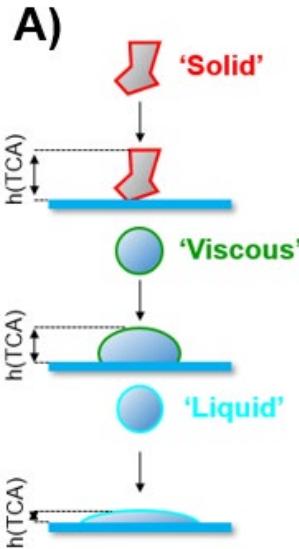


Environmental SEM experiment imaging particles in a hydration/dehydration cycle.

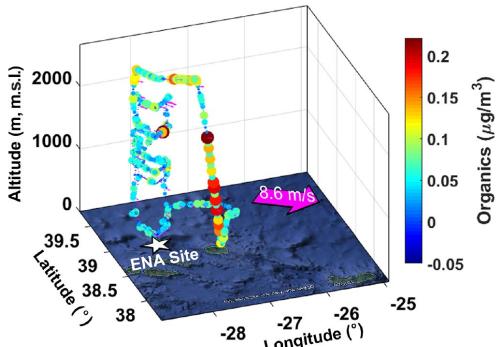
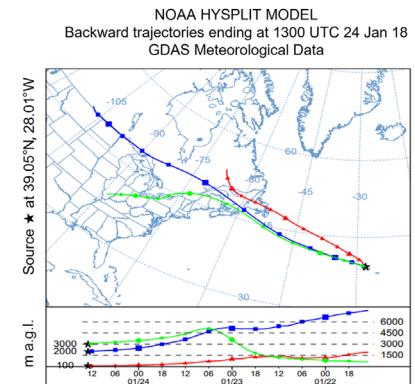
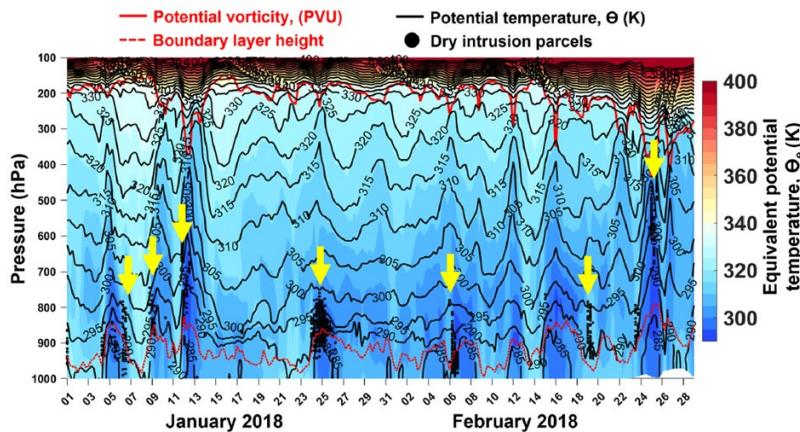
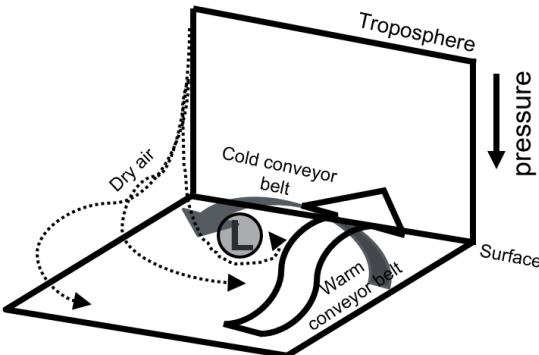
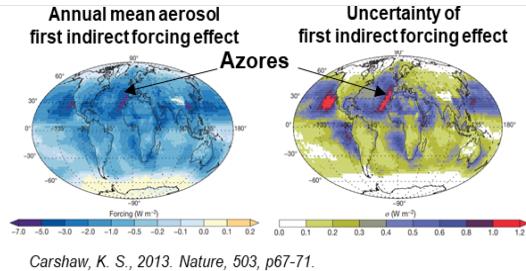
Biological particles disintegrate and release smaller particles

Solid Phase of Biological Particles

- Biological particles are solid, plausibly IN active

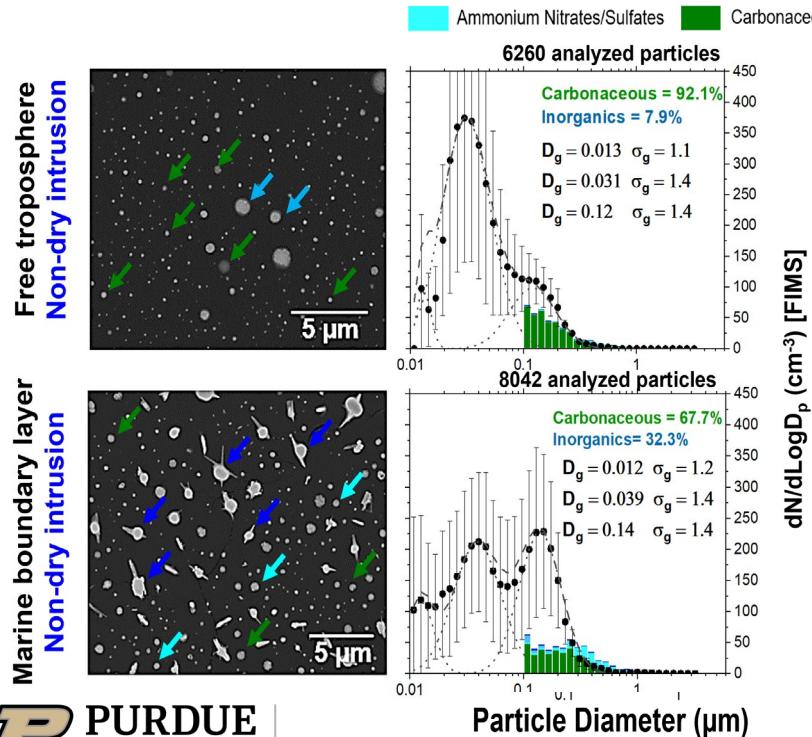


ACE-ENA 2018 - Dry Intrusions Events

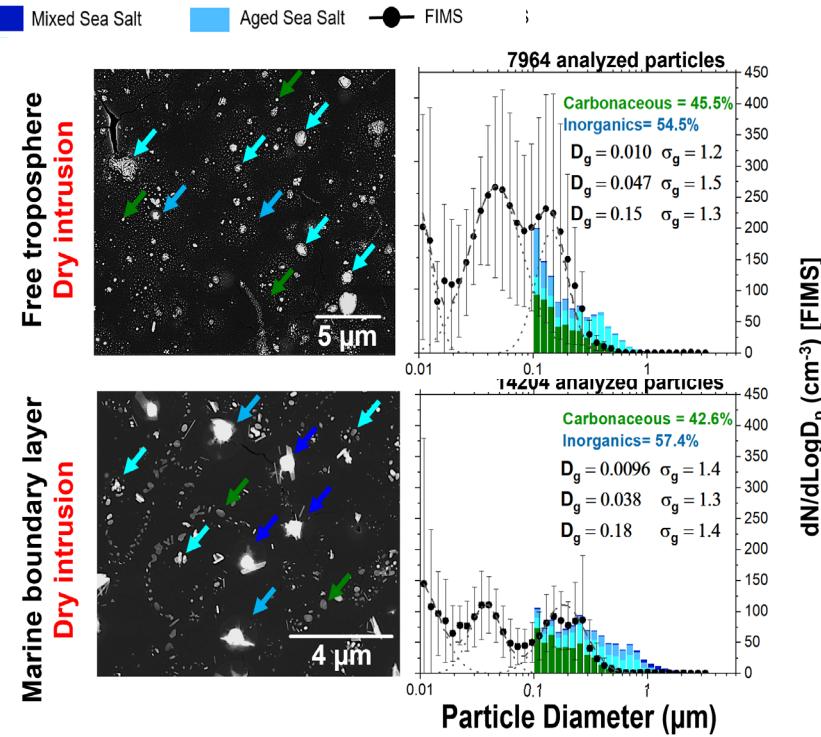


Particle-Type Composition from CCSEM/EDX

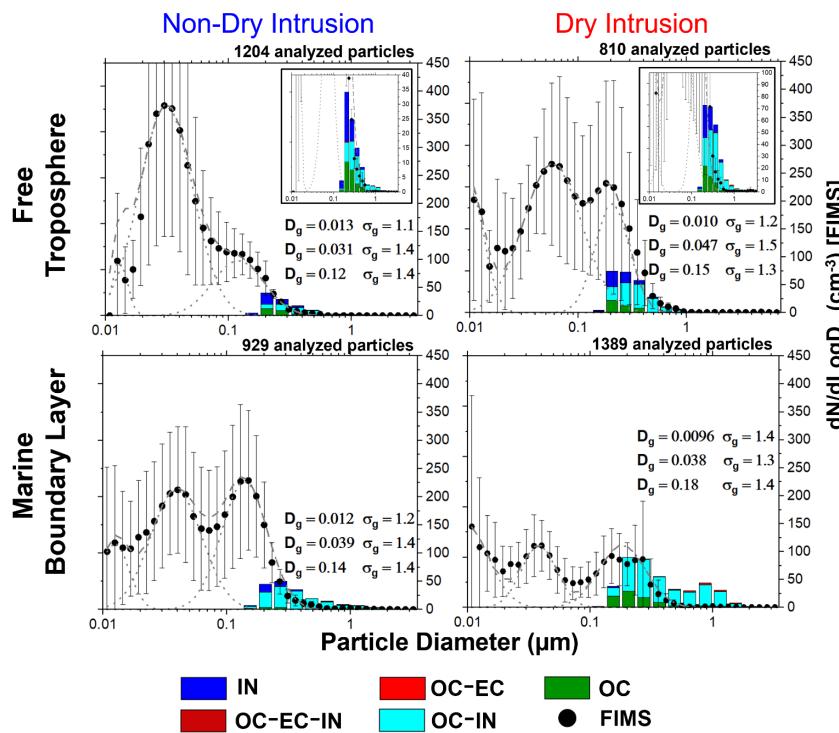
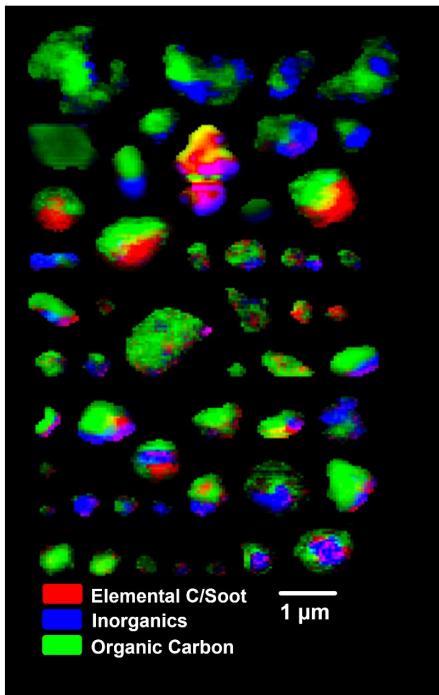
- 6 samples from non-dry intrusion FT
- 10 samples from non-dry intrusion MBL



- 8 samples from dry intrusion FT
- 14 samples from dry intrusion MBL



Particle Internal Mixing State from STXM/NEXAFS

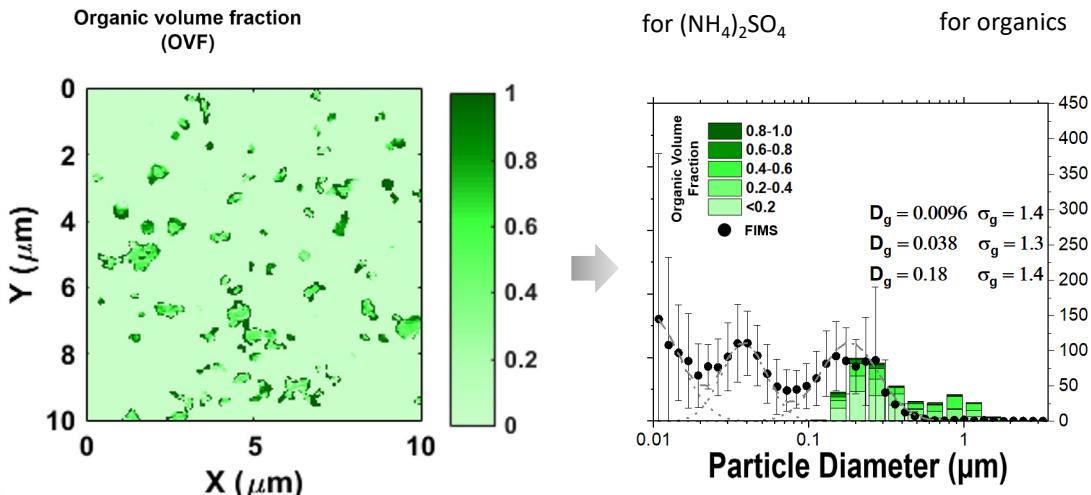


- DI particles are more diverse, both externally and internally

Particle Organic Volume Fractions → κ values

Assessment of Particles Hygroscopicity (κ)

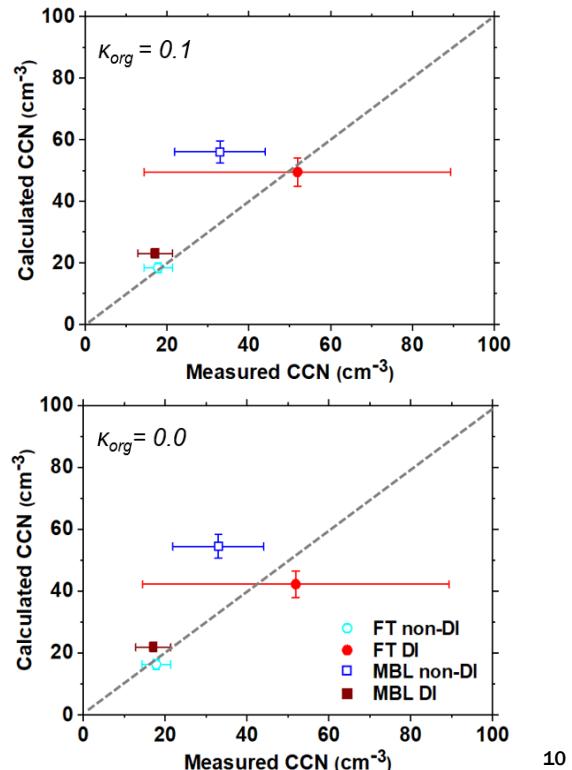
$$\kappa = (1 - OVF_{org}) \kappa_{inorg} + OVF_{org} \kappa_{org}$$



Fraund et. al. AMT. 12,1619. 2019.

$$\begin{aligned} \kappa_{FT, \text{non-DI}} &= 0.36 & \kappa_{FT, \text{DI}} &= 0.33 \\ \kappa_{MBL, \text{non-DI}} &= 0.48 & \kappa_{MBL, \text{DI}} &= 0.41 \end{aligned}$$

κ – Calculated vs Measured

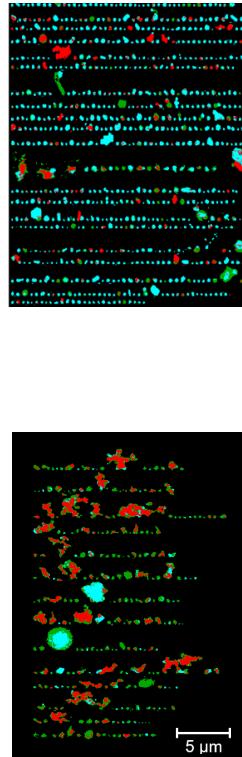


Tomlin et al, 2021, <https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-21-18123-2021>

Particle Mixing State Parameterization

→ Parameterization using Shannon entropy metrics

Riemer & West, 2013, <https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-13-11423-2013>



$$D_i = e^{H_i}$$

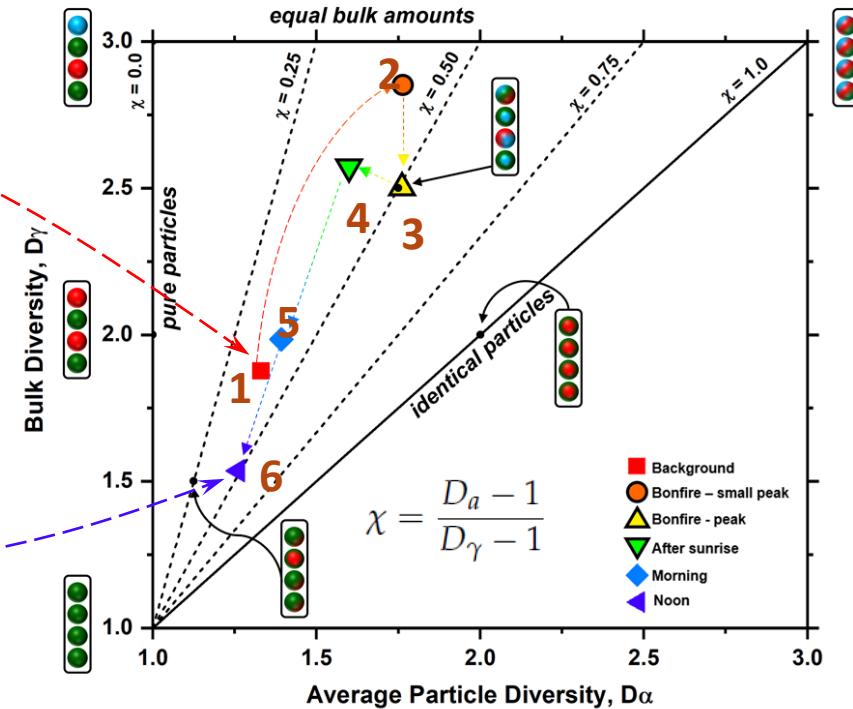
Number of species within a specific particle

$$D_\alpha = e^{H_\alpha}$$

Average number of species within any given particle

$$D_\gamma = e^{H_\gamma}$$

Number of species within the entire sample



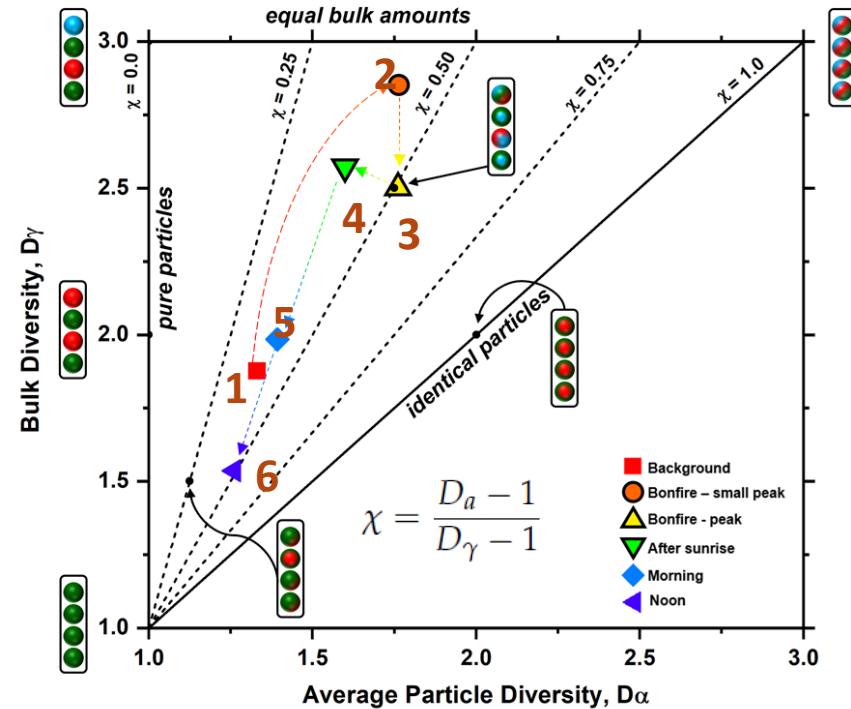
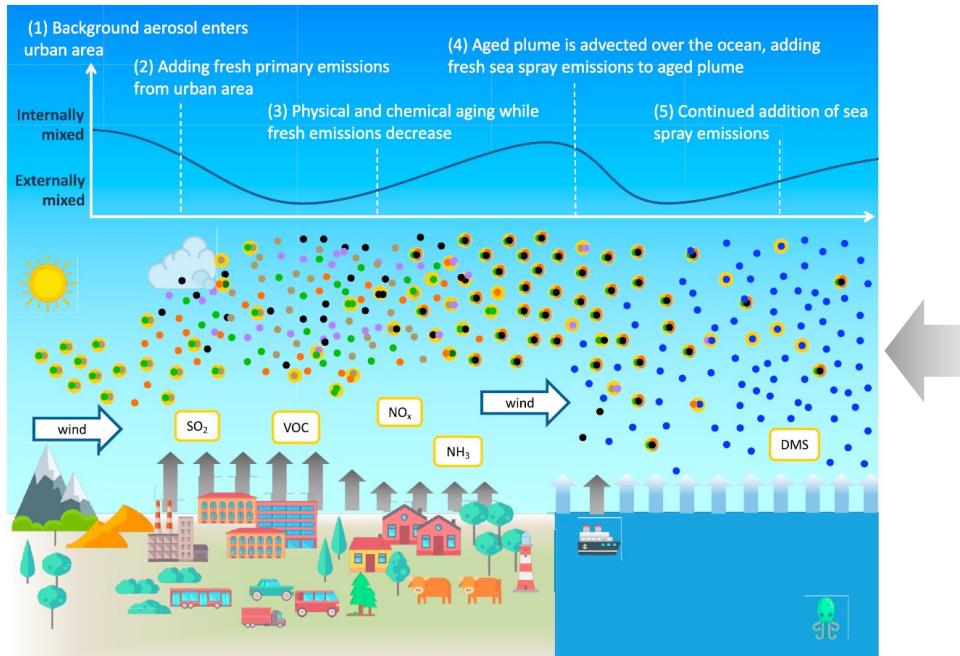
Particle Mixing State Parameterization

Inform Particle-resolved Models

Riemer et al, 2019, <https://doi.org/10.1029/2018RG000615>

↔ Parameterization using Shannon entropy metrics

Riemer & West, 2013, <https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-13-11423-2013>



Tomlin et al, 2022,

<https://pubs.rsc.org/en/content/articlepdf/2022/ea/d2ea00037g>

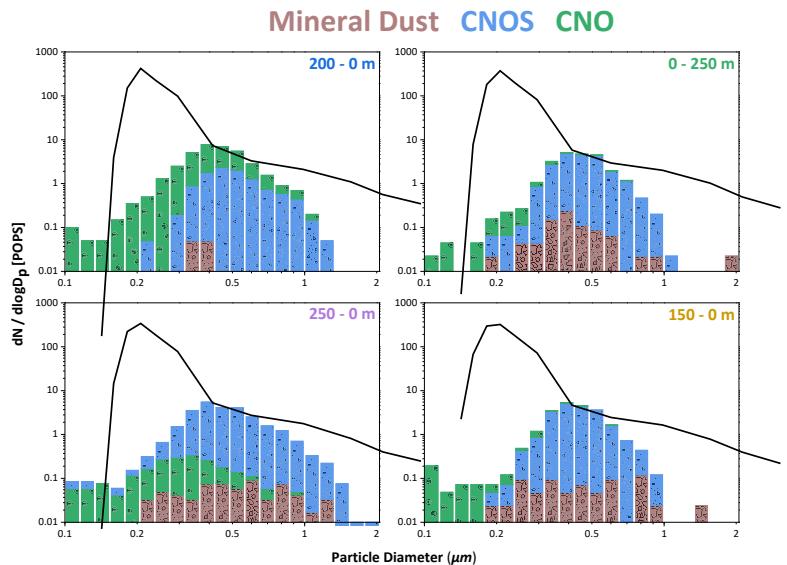
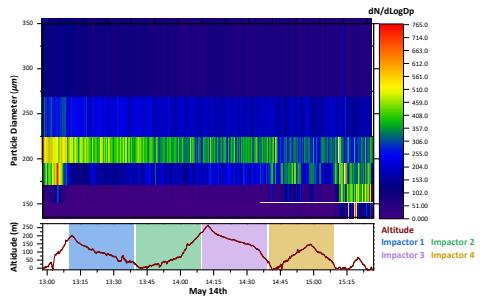
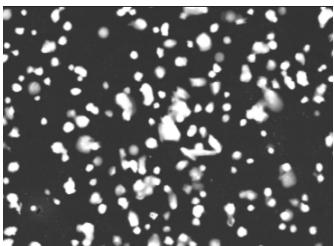
Ongoing Studies and Plans: SAIL

- **Parties from Tethered Balloon Sampling**



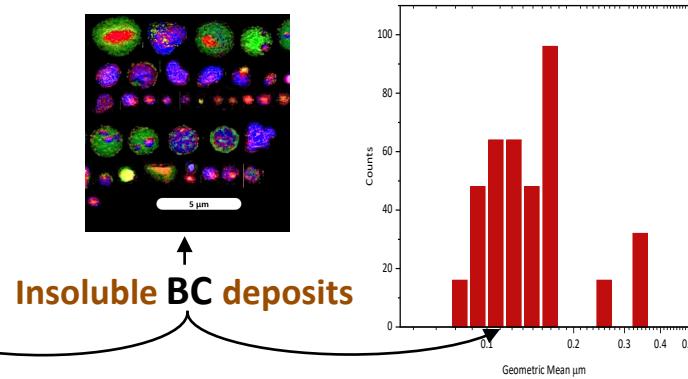
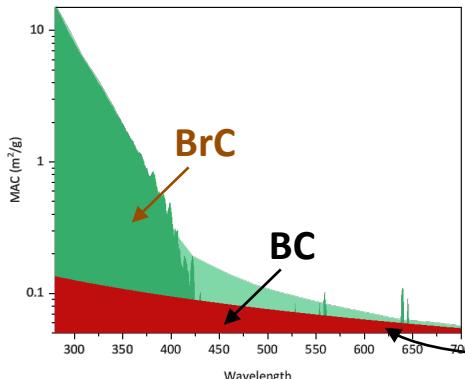
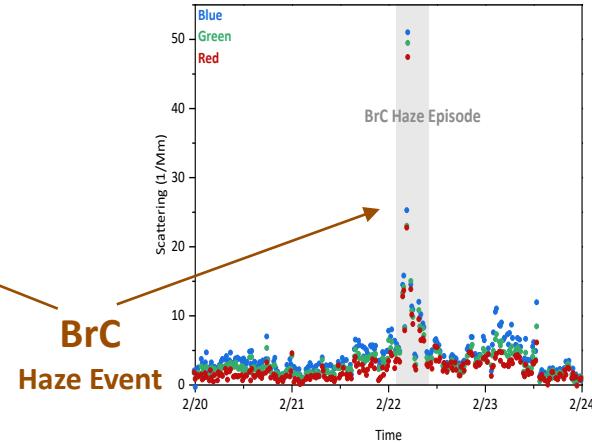
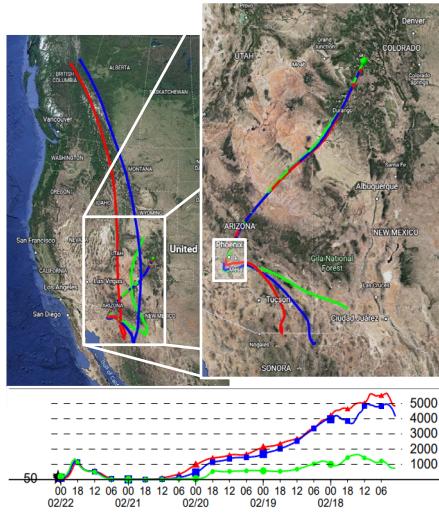
May 2022 flights

- Size and Time-resolved Aerosol Collector (STAC)
- T, P, RH, sensors
- OPC, particle size distribution
- a micro-aethalometer, BC mass loading



Ongoing Studies and Plans: SAIL

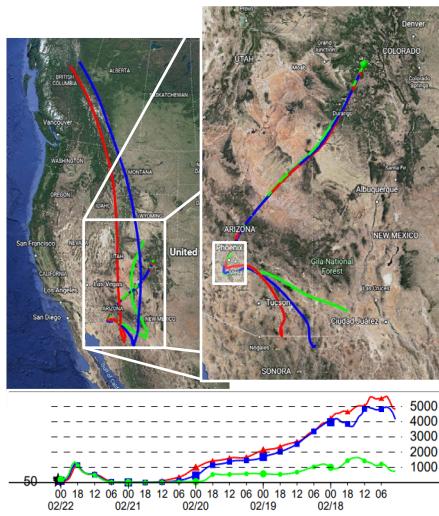
- PM Deposits in Snow



- February 22, 2022
descending trajectory from
Western Rockies to Phoenix,
low altitude transport to SAIL

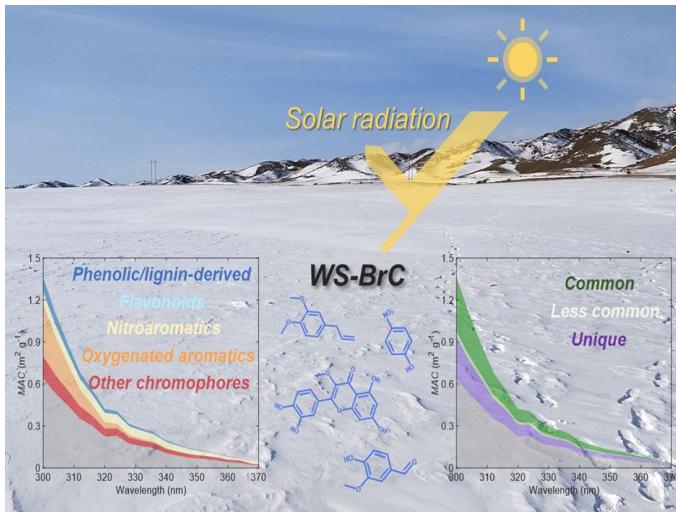
Ongoing Studies and Plans: SAIL

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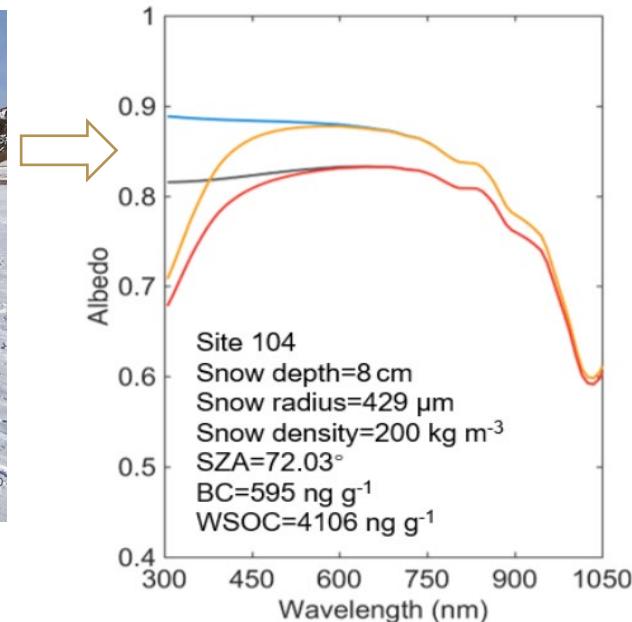


- February 22, 2022
descending trajectory from
Western Rockies to Phoenix,
low altitude transport to SAIL

Planned: Molecular Characterization of BrC
→ assessment of snow reflectivity



Zhou et al EST 2022, 56, 4173-4186



Zhou et al ACP 2021, 21, 8531-8555

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